



**HERITAGE  
COUNCIL**

OF WESTERN AUSTRALIA

## REGISTER OF HERITAGE PLACES PERMANENT ENTRY

1. **DATA BASE No.** 2339
2. **NAME** *Roebourne Hospital Group* (Site of Original Hospital (1874, demolished c.1885), Site of Medical Officer's Quarters, Kitchen & Storeroom (1885-86, demolished unknown), Roebourne Hospital (1887), Kitchen Block (1889), Former Quarters (1889), Associated Hospital Structures)  
**FORMER NAME (or OTHER NAMES)** Roebourne Hospital & Kitchen
3. **LOCATION** 51 Hampton Street, Roebourne
4. **DESCRIPTION OF PLACE INCLUDED IN THIS ENTRY**  
Reserve 29092 being Lot 801 on Deposited Plan 194881 being the whole of the land contained in Crown Land Title Volume 3118 Folio 183
5. **LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA** Shire of Roebourne
6. **OWNER AT PERMANENT REGISTRATION**  
State of Western Australia  
(Responsible Agency: Health Department of Western Australia)  
(Management order: WA Country Health Service)
7. **HERITAGE LISTINGS**

• Register of Heritage Places:	Interim Entry	16/10/1992
	Permanent Entry	30/06/2014
• National Trust Classification:	Roebourne Hospital, Kitchen Block, Quarters & Matron's Quarters - Classified	06/03/1984
• Town Planning Scheme:	Yes	22/08/2000
• Municipal Inventory:	Roebourne Hospital/Kitchen - Adopted	13/05/1996
• Register of the National Estate:	Roebourne Hospital, Kitchen Block and Matrons Quarters - Indicative Place	15/10/1984
8. **ORDERS UNDER SECTION 38 OR 59 OF THE ACT**  
-----
9. **HERITAGE AGREEMENT**  
-----

## 10. STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

*Roebourne Hospital Group*, a collection of single-storey stone and iron medical buildings, comprising Roebourne Hospital (1887), Kitchen Block (1899), Former Quarters (1889) and a number of associated modern hospital structures, has cultural heritage significance for the following reasons:

Roebourne Hospital (1887) is a significant benchmark in hospital design in northern Western Australia, as the first Bungalow Hospital to be built in the State;

the place was the second purpose-built public hospital to be constructed in Western Australia;

the place was the earliest hospital to be constructed in the north west region of Western Australia, and served the whole north west of the colony from its construction in 1874 until the 1890s, when other hospitals were built at Derby, Marble Bar and Onslow;

the place has continuously provided or supported medical care to Western Australia's North West since hospital facilities were first established at site in 1874; and,

Roebourne Hospital (1887), Kitchen Block (1899), and Former Quarters (1889) were designed by George Temple-Poole, and represent some of the earliest surviving examples of his work.

The Main Hospital Block A, Outpatients Block B, Laundry, Garage, Metal Storage Shed, Sewer Pump and Transformer are of little heritage significance.