



**HERITAGE
COUNCIL**
OF WESTERN AUSTRALIA

REGISTER OF HERITAGE PLACES

Register Entry

1. **DATA BASE No.** 00482
2. **NAME** *Claremont Teachers' College (fmr)* (1901, 1914,c.1917, 1950-80s)
FORMER NAME Edith Cowan University Claremont Campus
OTHER NAME UWA Claremont
3. **LOCATION** 7 Princess Road, Goldsworthy & Bay Roads, Claremont
4. **DESCRIPTION OF PLACE INCLUDED IN THIS ENTRY**
Reserve 46794 comprising Lot 14456 on Deposited Plan 30905 being and the whole of the land contained in Crown Land Title Volume LR3127 Folio 395.
5. **LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA** Town of Claremont
6. **OWNER AT REGISTRATION**
State of Western Australia (Responsible Agency: University of Western Australia)
7. **HERITAGE LISTINGS**

• Register of Heritage Places:	Interim	06/03/1992
	Registered	28/01/2021
• National Trust Classification:	Classified	06/10/1969
• Town Planning Scheme:	Included	01/06/1999
• Municipal Inventory:	Adopted	31/12/1995
• Register of the National Estate:	Permanent	11/08/1987
• Aboriginal Sites Register		-----
8. **ORDERS UNDER SECTION OF THE ACT**

9. **HERITAGE AGREEMENT**

10. STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

Claremont Teachers' College (fmr), comprises a complex of buildings including the original two storey limestone and donnybrook sandstone College Building (1901, extended 1908, 1924), with terracotta tiled roof and prominent three storey central crenelated tower, three storey former Water Tower (1901), timber framed former Cricket Pavilion (1914), three Prefabricated Classrooms (c.1917), and various educational buildings (1950-80s), and that retains uninterrupted views across the Sports Oval (original Lawn) and incorporates landscape elements including front Turning Circle and some mature trees, and War Memorial (c.1920), has cultural heritage significance for the following reasons:

the place was the first and only teacher training college in Western Australia from 1902 to 1955, and has significance as the main college for the training of primary school teachers until 1990;

the College Building (1901) is a landmark due to its well-composed Federation Gothic style, central three-storey tower, crenulated roofline and arrangement of east and west arcades. Its landmark qualities and the uninterrupted views to and from the building have been protected and maintained across the Sports Oval (original Lawn);

the place is associated with the Inspector General of Education in Western Australia Cyril Jackson, who established the college after recognising that a Training College for Teachers was required to improve the state's education system.

the College Building (1901) and former Water Tower (1901) are excellent examples of buildings designed under the direction of Hillson Beasley, chief draftsman in the Public Works Department;

the place has associations with many members of the Western Australian community, including various principals of the college who were responsible for the development of the campus and its education program, as well as former students who went on to become prominent politicians, civil servants, educationalists and artists; and,

the place is an excellent example of an extensive collection of educational buildings of various styles and periods set in landscaped grounds that have evolved over time in response to changes in design philosophy and usage requirements.

All of the following elements are of secondary significance: Academic Staff Association Building (1950), Library (1974), Gymnasium (1978), General Teaching (1980), Garden Store (1983), Garage (1983), and Neil Traylen Building (1985).