



**HERITAGE
COUNCIL**
OF WESTERN AUSTRALIA

REGISTER OF HERITAGE PLACES

Permanent Entry

1. **DATA BASE No.** 18566
2. **NAME** *St Boniface Anglican Cathedral and Bishopscourt*
(Bishopscourt, 1905; Cathedral Church of St. Boniface, 1962; Calvary Wayside Shrine, 1938, relocated from South Bunbury to Memorial Lawn in Cathedral grounds, late 1980s)
3. **LOCATION** Parkfield, Oakley & Cross Streets, Bunbury.
4. **DESCRIPTION OF PLACE INCLUDED IN THIS ENTRY**
Portion of Leschenault Location 26 and being (firstly) Lots 6, 7, and part of Lot 8 on Plan 2718 and (secondly) Lots 18, 19 and 20 on Plan 3610 being the whole of the land contained in Certificate of Title Volume 1256 Folio 537.

Portions of Leschenault Location 26 and being Lots 9, 10 and 11 on Plan 2718 being the whole of the land contained in Certificate of Title Volume 351 Folio 137.
5. **LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA** City of Bunbury
6. **OWNER** The Bunbury Diocesan Trustees
7. **HERITAGE LISTINGS**
 - Register of Heritage Places: Interim Entry 25/06/2010
Permanent Entry 29/10/2010
 - National Trust Classification: -----
 - Town Planning Scheme: -----
 - Municipal Inventory: 04/09/2001
 - Register of the National Estate: -----
8. **CONSERVATION ORDER**

9. **HERITAGE AGREEMENT**

10. **STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE**
St Boniface Anglican Cathedral and Bishopscourt, comprising a double-volume, yellow face brick, war memorial cathedral with a gabled terracotta tiled roof, a parapeted tower and an undercroft crypt, in the Post-War Ecclesiastical style, and a single-storey brick house with a hipped and gabled

tiled roof and a wrap around verandah in the Federation Queen Anne style, have cultural heritage significance for the following reasons:

the place contains the first Anglican cathedral to be built and consecrated in Western Australia in the 20th century;

the place contains one of three buildings in Western Australia built as a bishop's residence prior to World War I, and the only one continuously occupied by a bishop;

St Boniface Anglican Cathedral, with its monumental tower and substantial scale, is a landmark in its elevated position on Brent Tor, one of the highest sites in Bunbury;

St Boniface Anglican Cathedral is an outstanding example of the Post-War Ecclesiastical style with impressive interior spaces and is a particularly fine example of the work of prominent ecclesiastical architect Louis Williams, and Bishopscourt is a fine example of the Federation Queen Anne style and of the design work of Bunbury architect Frederick Walter Steere in this style;

the place is highly valued by the Anglican and wider community, especially that of the Diocese of Bunbury, for religious, cultural and social reasons;

the place is an integral part of an important precinct of ecclesiastical buildings on the outskirts of the central Bunbury area and contributes to the community's sense of place as significant symbols of the growth and development of Bunbury; and,

the place is associated with Bishop Frederick Goldsmith, with the Brotherhood of St. Boniface and the Order of St. Elizabeth of Hungary, and the successive bishops of Bunbury.