



# REGISTER OF HERITAGE PLACES

## Permanent Entry

1. **DATA BASE No.** 2465
2. **NAME** *Johnson's Complex* (1855-56, c. 1860, c. 1895)  
**OTHER NAMES** 34 Johnson Street: Johnson's Mill, Seaton Ross, and Whiteman's which encompassed also 32 Johnson Street, formerly Jane's Cottage, and Johnson's Cottage.
3. **LOCATION** 34 and 32 Johnson Street, Guildford
4. **DESCRIPTION OF PLACE INCLUDED IN THIS ENTRY**  
 Lot 502, the subject of Diagram 96039, being the whole of the land comprised in Certificate of Title Volume 2140 Folio 760.
5. **LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA** Shire of Swan
6. **OWNER** Kevin James Alcock and Marianne Elisabeth Parasiuk.
7. **HERITAGE LISTINGS**
  - Register of Heritage Places: Interim Entry 26/02/1999  
 Permanent Entry 14/05/1999
  - National Trust Classification: Classified 05/04/1976
  - Town Planning Scheme: -----
  - Municipal Inventory: Adopted 10/07/ 1996
  - Register of the National Estate: Permanent 21/03/1978

Note that only the remaining wall of Johnson's mill and stables are classified by the National Trust of Australia and included on the Australian Heritage Commission's Register of the National Estate. Both Lots are listed on the Municipal Inventory.

### 8. CONSERVATION ORDER

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### 9. HERITAGE AGREEMENT

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### 10. STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

*Johnson's Complex*, comprising a Victorian Georgian style brick and tile stables, remnant brick wall, a single storey Victorian Georgian style brick and zincalume cottage, and a single storey Federation Queen Anne style brick and tile residence, has cultural heritage significance for the following reasons:

the place exhibits characteristics of a fine 1850s Victorian Georgian stables, whilst the remnant brick wall is the site of the sole known archaeological evidence of Johnson's Mill (1855-56), and the cottage and house exhibit characteristics of an 1860s Victorian Georgian style residence and an 1890s Federation Queen Anne style residence respectively;

each of the built elements is a fine example of its style, enhanced by its setting in a cultivated landscape, featuring a number of fine mature trees;

the place is an important component of the historic fabric of Guildford, a town with a particularly high density of historic places which reflect the early to late nineteenth century development of the Swan River Colony;

the place has been closely associated with the development of Guildford and the Swan district from the 1850s, and in particular, from 1855 to 1925, with the Johnson family after whom Johnson Street was named; and,

the place demonstrates in the nature of the fabric and the quality of the accommodation the social and economic status of the occupiers.

The metal outbuildings and perimeter fences, other than the new timber picket fence, are somewhat intrusive and have no heritage significance.