

REGISTER OF HERITAGE PLACES Permanent Entry

- 1. **DATA BASE No.** 0598
- 2. NAME *Wanslea* (1905)
- 3. LOCATION 80 Railway Street, Cottesloe
- 4. **DESCRIPTION OF PLACE INCLUDED IN THIS ENTRY**Cottesloe Lot 319 being the whole of the land comprised in Certificate of Title Volume 1880 Folio 163.
- 5. LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA Town of Cottesloe
- **6. OWNER** Minister for Works
- 7. HERITAGE LISTINGS

•	Register of Heritage Places:	Interim Entry	20/10/1995
•		Permanent Entry	04/04/1996
•	National Trust Classification:	·	
•	Cottesloe Town Planning Scheme		
•	Register of National Estate:		

8. CONSERVATION ORDER

9. HERITAGE AGREEMENT

10. STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

Wanslea, comprising the former orphanage (1905) and its subsequent extension (1919), a two storey red brick and iron structure with rendered bands, Army built kitchen and dining room (1940), and recreation hall (1942-3), all weatherboard, asbestos cement sheet and corrugated iron structures, and cream brick staff quarters (1958), has cultural heritage significance for the following reasons:

the 1905 Federation Free Style two storey red brick orphanage building has exceptional aesthetic, historic and social significance as a representative of the institutional buildings of the time and locality;

the significance of the 1905 building is reinforced by the excellent condition and extent of the original fabric and its ability to have continued viable use:

the 1905 building is socially and historically associated with prominent people (J. F. Allen & Florence Hummerston) and various care giving organisations such as the International Order of Oddfellows (IOOF), Red Cross, servicemen and women, prisoners of war (POWs), Women's Australian National Service (WANS), Wanslea group; and,

the 1940-1943 Red Cross/Army buildings are an example of the style of temporary buildings associated with military/wartime construction. The recreational hall is particularly pleasing for its aesthetic qualities.

In the conservation report (1994) completed by Bruce Callow, the old laundry (1940, 1948), and original staff quarters (c.1940s), are assessed as having low cultural significance and the outbuildings and the two-storey staff quarters (1958), are assessed as having little cultural heritage significance.