



# REGISTER OF HERITAGE PLACES

## Permanent Entry

1. **DATA BASE No.** 7596
2. **NAME** *Claremont Primary School Precinct* (1893; 1896-1904, 1910-15,  
FORMER NAMES Claremont Government School (1893 – 1904)  
Claremont Senior School (1904 – 1909)  
Claremont Central School (1909 – 1937)  
Claremont Demonstration School (1937 – 1946)  
Claremont High School (1946 – 1958)  
Claremont Primary School (1958 – present)
3. **LOCATION** Bay View Terrace, Claremont
4. **DESCRIPTION OF PLACE INCLUDED IN THIS ENTRY**  
Melville Suburban Lots 141 and 147, being Crown Reserve 5795 and being the whole of the land comprised in Crown Land Record Volume 3090 Folio 400.
5. **LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA** Town of Claremont
6. **OWNER** The State of Western Australia
7. **HERITAGE LISTINGS**

• Register of Heritage Places:	Interim Entry	24/11/2000
	Permanent Entry	16/03/2001
• National Trust Classification:		-----
• Town Planning Scheme:		-----
• Municipal Inventory:	Adopted	13/12/1995
• Register of the National Estate:		-----
8. **CONSERVATION ORDER**  
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9. **HERITAGE AGREEMENT**  
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10. **STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE**  
*Claremont Primary School Precinct*, comprising Claremont Primary School (1893), the former Claremont School of Art (formerly Infants' School; 1903), former painting studio (formerly Claremont Household Management Centre; 1908), two pavilion classrooms, several free standing classrooms, ancillary buildings including toilets and stores on a landscaped site of approximately two hectares, has cultural heritage significance for the following reasons:

the place is unique in Western Australia for the provision of a range educational opportunities including primary, secondary and tertiary

educational, specialist art education and teacher training on the one site since its establishment in 1893;

the development of the place has been linked to teacher education in the State from the inception of the Claremont Teachers' College in 1902, through to the establishment of the Model Country Schools to train teachers to work in rural schools, and for the use as a 'Demonstration' school;

the two main buildings are competently designed examples of school buildings that developed from single roomed schools to larger complexes through various periods of development stages in an integrated manner;

the place was one of only six metropolitan schools established as a Central School for the purposes of higher education in 1909, as a result of the policy of Inspector-General of Education, Cecil Andrews;

the place has been an important focus for the Claremont community in its role in public education in Claremont since its establishment in 1893;

the place was occupied by the Claremont School of Art from 1968 to 1999 and was important to the development and promotion of visual arts in the State during that period;

Dorothy Tangney and Kim Beazley Snr, who later achieved prominence in Federal politics, both taught at the school in the 1930s and 40s. Kim Beazley Jnr, Leader of the Federal Opposition, was a student at the school; and,

the place contributes to the visual qualities of central Claremont where it is seen as a visual continuation of the adjacent Claremont Park environment with the school buildings providing familiar landmarks on both Bay View Terrace and Princess Road.

The sculpture studio, ancillary buildings associated with the former Claremont School of Art and two classroom blocks located to the north of the former School of Art are considered to be of little significance.